

# Cloud computing with PHP on Windows Azure

Rob Allen

# Rob Allen

- PHP developer since 1999
- Zend Framework contributor
- Technical director of a web development company
- Wrote *Zend Framework in Action* - Buy my book!



# This talk has 2 halves:

- What is Windows Azure?
- What does the PHP interface look like?

# What is Windows Azure?

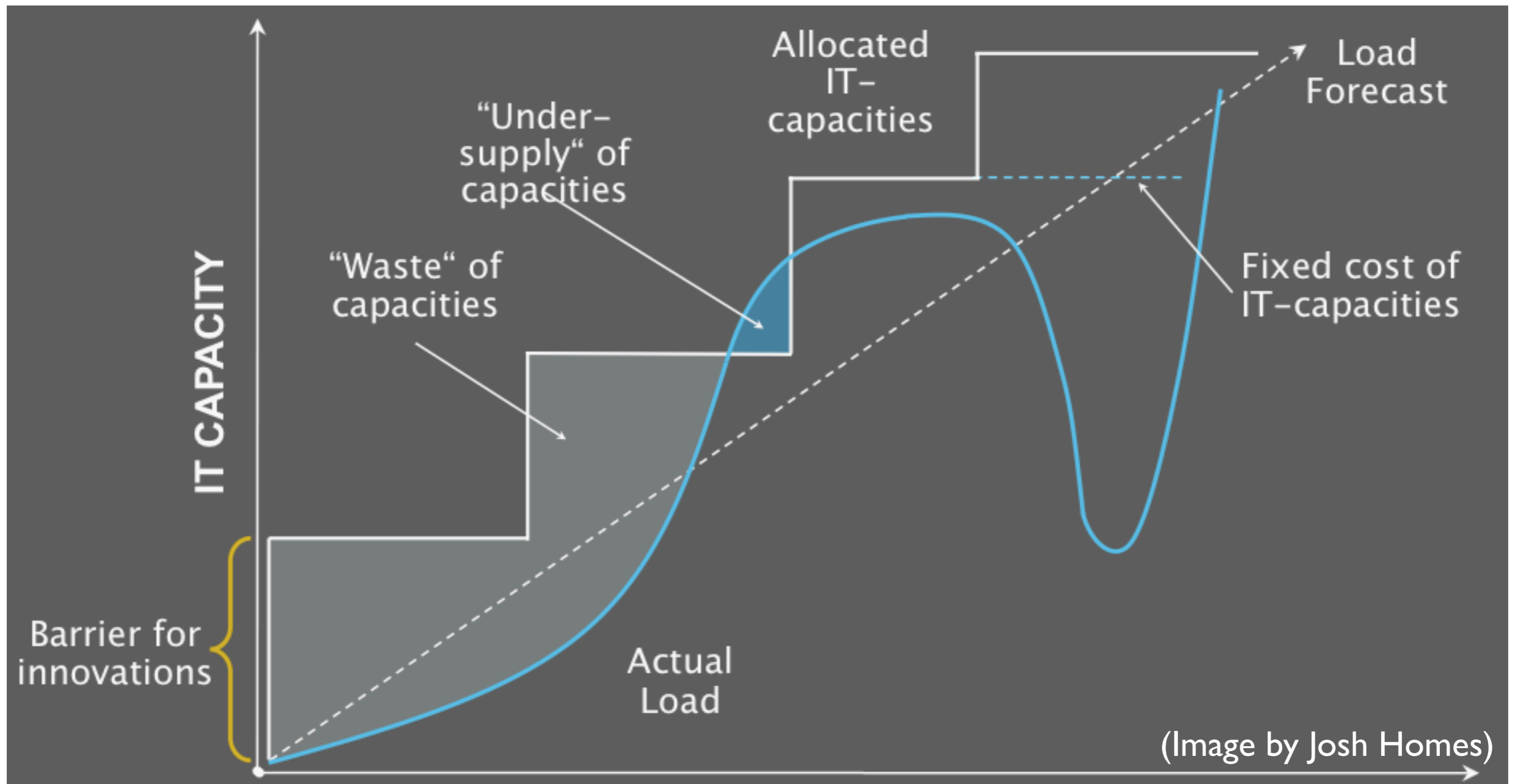
# Cloud computing

“The Windows Azure platform offers a flexible, familiar environment for developers to create cloud applications and services.”

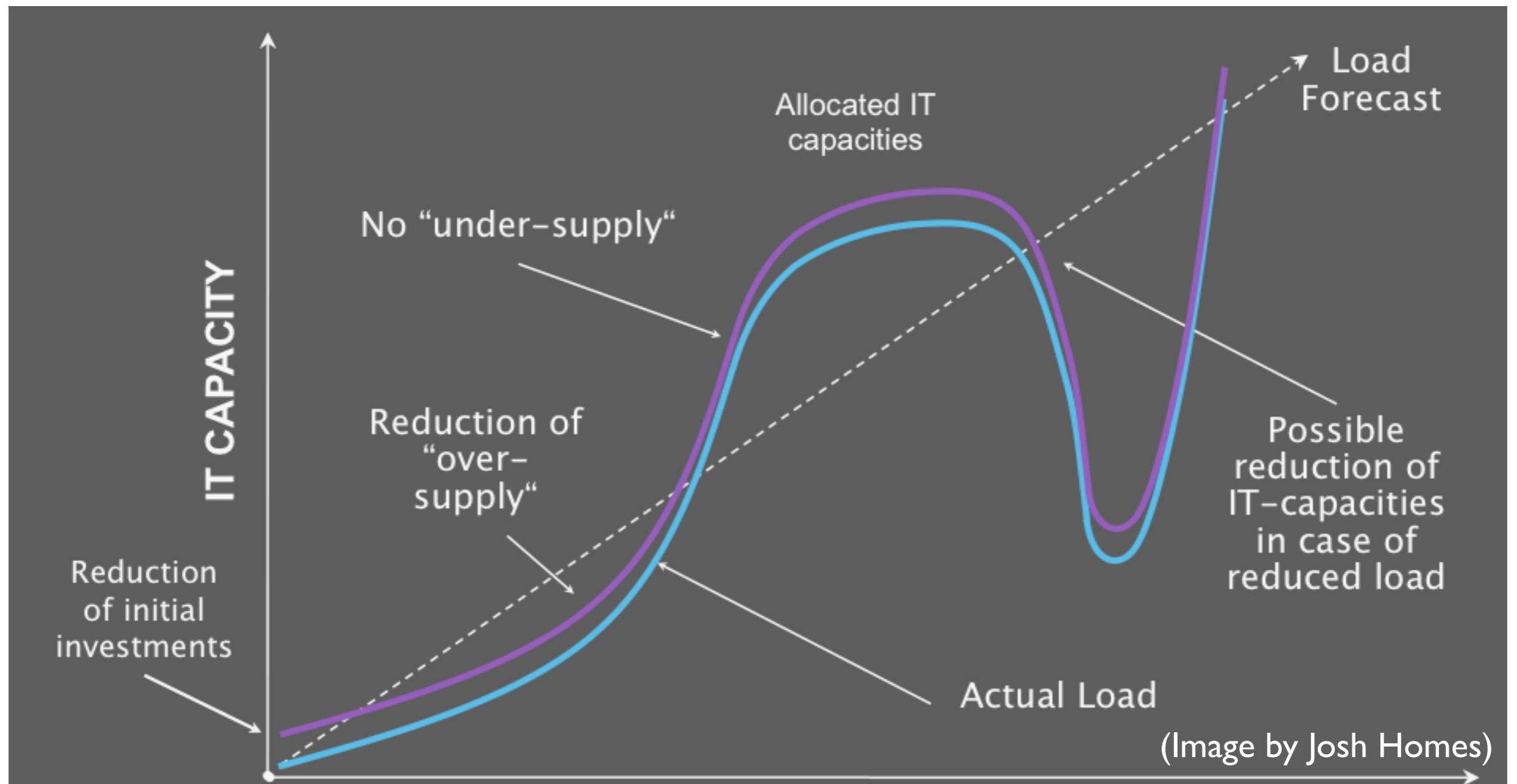
<http://www.microsoft.com/windowsazure/>

- Servers and storage on the Internet
  - Abstracted
  - Scalable
  - Per-usage payment

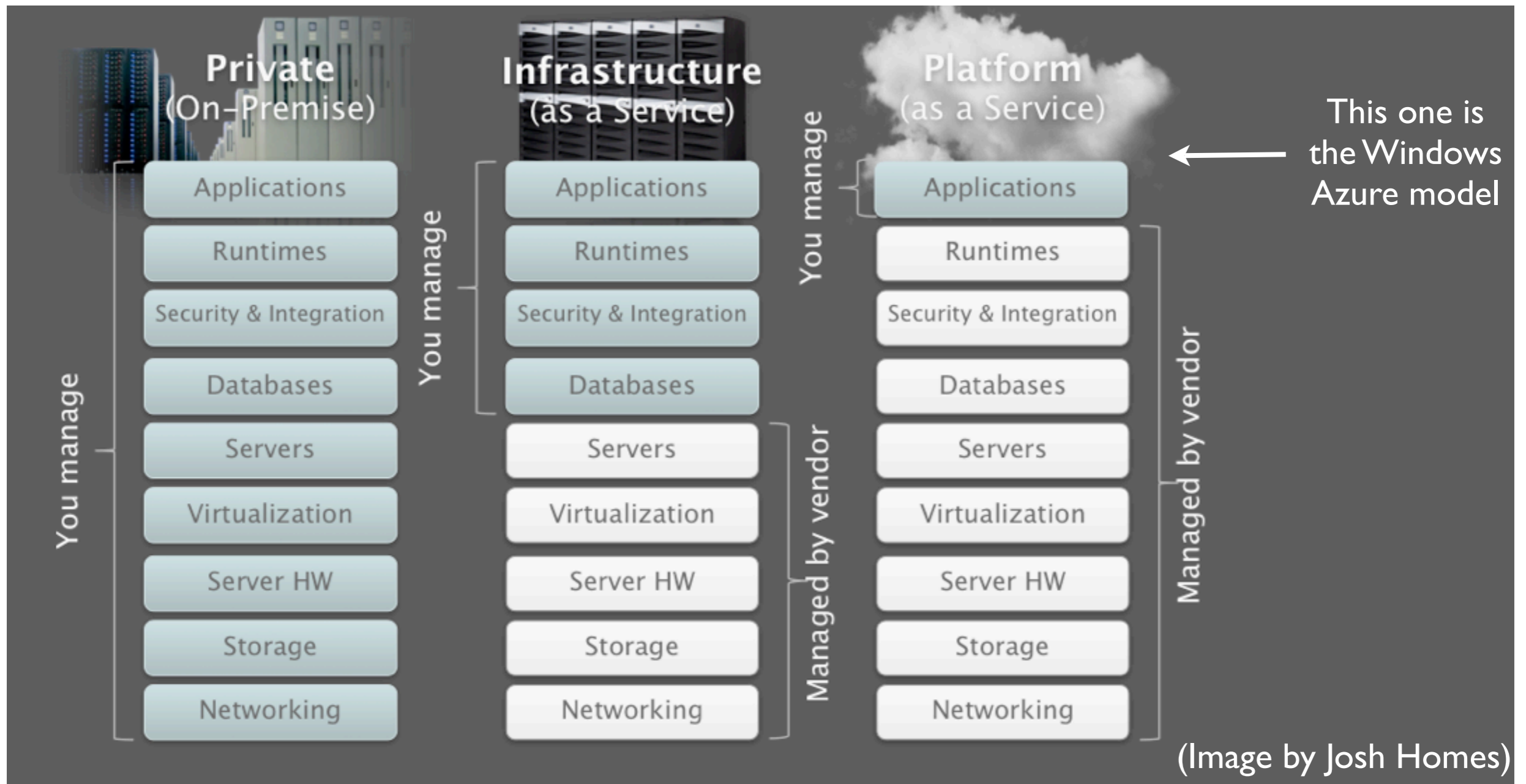
# Traditional vs reality



# Cloud vs reality



# Infrastructure choices





# Azure's components

- Computation (aka the “Fabric”)
- Storage services
- SQL Azure
- Developer experience

# The Fabric

- Abstract computing resources
- Servers running Windows Server 2008 in VMs
- Other paraphernalia: load balancers & switches
- 4 VM sizes: S, M, L, XL
- Some .NET stuff
- More importantly: FastCGI !

# Roles

- Web role
  - Accepts HTTP/HTTPS requests
  - IIS7
  - Must be stateless
- Worker role
  - No incoming requests
  - Outgoing requests are used
  - More like a daemon (service)

# AppFabric

- Service Bus
  - Relays messages from external clients to internal apps via the Azure platform
  - Solves firewall & NAT problems
- Access Control
  - “Federated identity & access control” for apps and clients
- REST & SOAP access

# Storage services

- Independently accessible
- REST API
- Scalable
- Types:
  - Blobs
  - Tables
  - Queues
  - XDrive (NTFS)

# Storage: Blobs

- Simple and easy
- one blob = one file
- Each account has many containers
- Each container has many blobs
- Large: 50GB!
- Public or private

# Storage: Tables

- NOT relational database tables!
- More like organised key-value storage
- Each account has many *tables*
- Each table has many *properties*
- A property has a *name*, *type* and *value*
- No schema
- Versioned
  - Supply version on update => failure if out of date

# Storage: Queues

- Allows web roles to instruct worker roles
- Process:
  - Web roles adds message
  - Worker role reads messages and does work
  - Worker role deletes message
- Caveats:
  - No guarantee of order
  - Message may be worked on twice



# Storage: XDrive

- NTFS drive in the cloud: X:\
- Fixed size between 16MB and 1TB
- Max 16 drives on your VM
- Implemented as a page blob
- Single instance write
- Multiple instance read

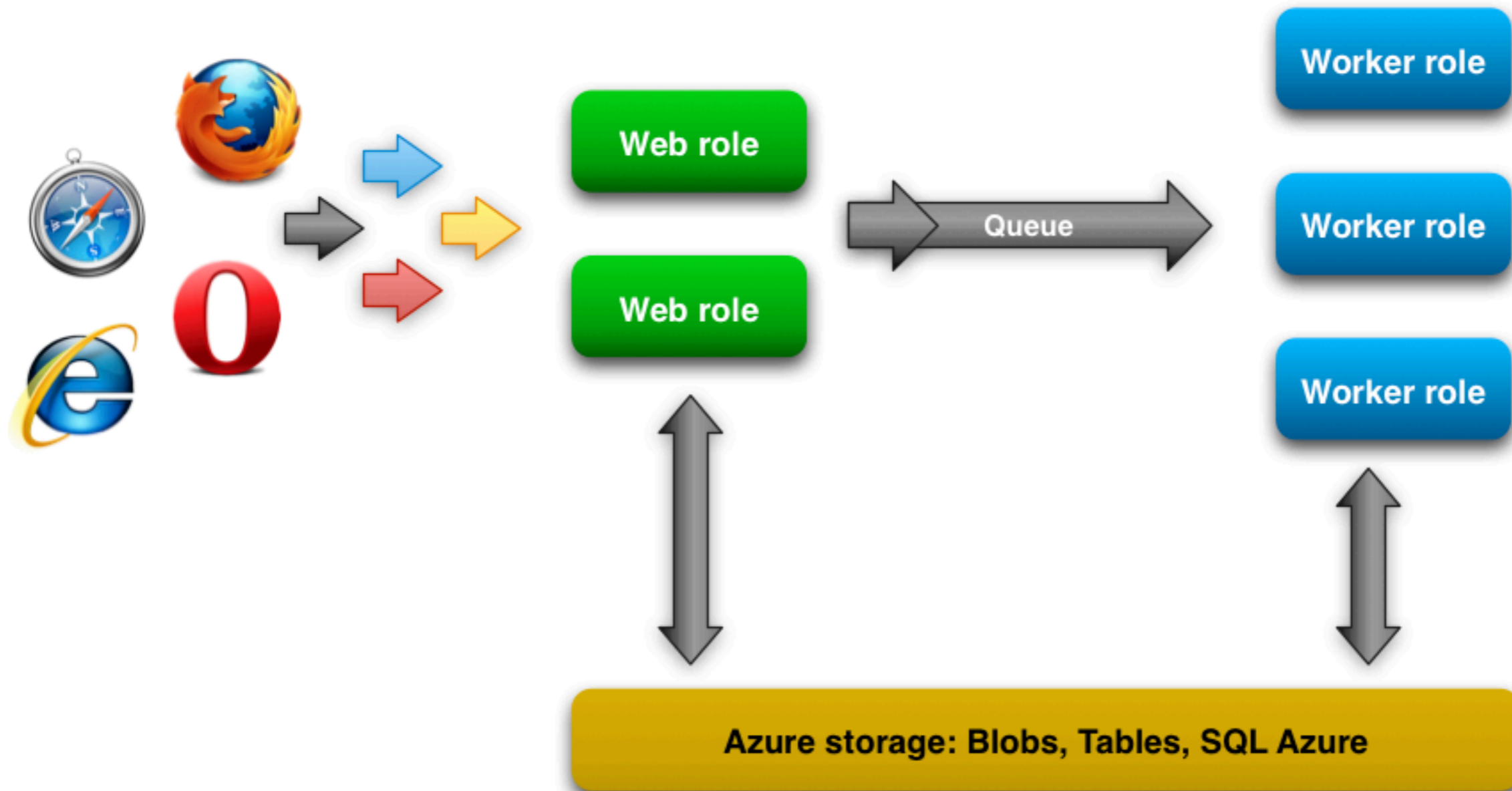
# SQL Azure

- SQL database
- Relational data model
- Familiar development
- Scalable
  - abstracted database servers
  - Load balanced
  - Automatic failover built-in

# Developer experience

- Offline development environment
  - Fabric and storage services
- Command line SDK
- Visual Studio plugin
- PHP SDK
- Eclipse tooling

# Azure architecture



# Deployment experience

- 2 step deployment
  - Upload to staging
  - Control panel operation to move to production
    - atomic operation: no downtime
    - Real domain uses a cname to the cloud one

# Developing for Azure with PHP

# Running PHP on Azure

- Use a web role
- Supply PHP runtime
- Configure FastCGI
- Use *Windows Azure SDK for PHP*
- (or use `Zend_Server_WindowsAzure`)
- Deploy:
  - CLI: `CSPack.exe` & `CSRun.exe`
  - Use *Windows Azure for Eclipse* tooling

# Azure Tools for Eclipse

- The easy route to Azure PHP development
- Azure projects
  - Azure service project
  - Web role project
- Run in development fabric
- One click project deployment
- Storage explorer



# Configuration files

- Per application:
  - Service definition file
  - Service configuration file
- Per role:
  - role config file

# ServiceDefinition.csdef

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<ServiceDefinition name="Simple"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/{etc}">
  <WebRole name="WebRole"
    enableNativeCodeExecution="true">
    <ConfigurationSettings>
    </ConfigurationSettings>
    <InputEndpoints>
      <!-- Port 80 for http and port 443 for https -->
      <InputEndpoint name="HttpIn" protocol="http" port="80" />
    </InputEndpoints>
  </WebRole>
</ServiceDefinition>
```

# ServiceConfiguration.cscfg

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ServiceConfiguration serviceName="Simple"
  xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/{etc}">
  <Role name="WebRole">
    <Instances count="2"/>
    <ConfigurationSettings>
    </ConfigurationSettings>
  </Role>
</ServiceConfiguration>
```

# Web.config

```
<system.webServer>
<handlers>
  <clear />
  <add name="PHP via FastCGI" path="*.php" verb="*"
        modules="FastCgiModule"
        scriptProcessor="%RoleRoot%\approot\php\php-cgi.exe"
        resourceType="Unspecified" />
  <add name="StaticFile" path="*" verb="*"
        modules="StaticFileModule,DefaultDocumentModule"
        resourceType="Either" requireAccess="Read" />
</handlers>
<defaultDocument>
  <files>
    <clear />
    <add value="index.php" />
  </files>
</defaultDocument>
```

# PHP SDKs

- Windows Azure SDK for PHP:
  - Blobs
  - Tables
  - Queues
  - Misc low-level Azure services
- AppFabric SDK for PHP Developers:
  - Access Control Service
  - Service Bus

# Blobs

```
    $blobStorage = new Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_Blob();  
// Create  
if (!$blobStorage->containerExists($containerName))  
{  
    $blobStorage->createContainer($containerName);  
    $blobStorage->setContainerAcl($containerName,  
        Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_Blob::ACL_PUBLIC);  
}  
  
// Store  
$blob = $blobStorage->putBlob($containerName, $blobName,  
    $localFilename, $metadata);  
/* @var $blob Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_BlobInstance */
```

# Blobs

```
// Copy
$result = $blobStorage->copyBlob($containerName, $blobName,
    $containerName, $blob2Name);

// Retrieve
$tempStore = azure_getlocalresourcepath('tempstore');
$tempPath = $tempStore . '\\\' . $imageId;
$blobStorage->getBlob($containerName, $blobName, $tempPath);

// Delete
$result = $blobStorage->deleteBlob($containerName, $blobName);
$result = $blobStorage->deleteContainer($containerName);
```

# Blob stream wrapper

```
    $blobStorage = new Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_Blob();  
// Register:  
$blobStorage->registerStreamWrapper(); // registers azure://  
// or  
$blobStorage->registerStreamWrapper('blob://'); // use blob://  
  
// Use  
$fp = fopen('azure://mycontainer/myfile.txt', 'r');  
// ...  
fclose($fp);
```



# Tables

```
$tableStorage = new Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_Table(
    'table.core.windows.net', 'myaccount', 'myauthkey');

// Create
$result = $tableStorage->createTable($tableName);

// List
$result = $tableStorage->listTables();
foreach ($result as $table) {
    echo 'Table name is: ' . $table->Name . "\n";
}

// Delete
$tableStorage->deleteTable($tableName);
```

# Entities within a table

```
// Structured entity
class ImageEntity extends
    Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_TableEntity
{
    /**
     * @azure filename
     */
    public $filename;

    /**
     * @azure size Edm.Int64
     */
    public $size;
}

// Unstructured entity
// Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_DynamicTableEntity
```

# Entities within a table

```
// Insert
$image = new ImageEntity($partitionKey, $rowKey);
$image->filename = $_FILES['imageUpload']['name'];
$image->size = $_FILES['imageUpload']['size'];
$image = $tableStorageClient->insertEntity($tableName, $image);

// Retrieve
$image = $tableStorage->retrieveEntityById($tableName,
    $partitionKey, $rowKey, 'ImageEntity');

// Update
$image->filename = 'newname.jpg';
$result = $tableStorage->updateEntity($tableName, $image);

// Delete
$result = $tableStorage->deleteEntity($tableName, $image);
```

# Table queries

```
// Filter condition
$select = "filesize gt 1024 and PartitionKey eq '$partitionKey'";

// Or fluent interface
$select = $tableStorage->select()->from($tableName)
    ->where('filesize gt 1024')
    ->andWhere('PartitionKey eq ?', $partitionKey);

// Run query
$images = $tableStorage->storageClient->retrieveEntities(
    'testtable', $select, 'ImageEntity'
);
foreach ($images as $image) {
    echo 'Name: ' . $image->filename . "\n";
}
```

# Batch operation

```
// Start batch
$batch = $tableStorage->startBatch();

// Insert multiple
$images = generateEntities();
foreach ($images as $image) {
    $tableStorage->insertEntity($tableName, $image);
}

// Commit
$batch->commit();
```

# Table session handler

```
$sessionHandler
    = new Microsoft_WindowsAzure_SessionHandler($tableStorage);
$sessionHandler->register();

session_start();

if (!isset($_SESSION['start'])) {
    $_SESSION['start'] = time();
}
```

# Queues

```
$queueClient = new Microsoft_WindowsAzure_Storage_Queue();

// Create
$result = $queueClient->createQueue( 'imageQueue' );

// Delete
$queueClient->deleteQueue( 'imageQueue' );

// Add message
$queueClient->putMessage( 'imageQueue', $message, $ttl );

// Retrieve Messages
$messages = $queueClient->getMessages( 'imageQueue', 10 );
foreach ( $messages as $message ) {
    // Do work here...
    $queueClient->deleteMessage( 'imageQueue', $message );
}
```

# Zend Framework

- *Zend\_Service\_WindowsAzure*
- From Zend Framework 1.10
- Same author as the Azure PHP SDK
- Familiar ZF API into Azure Storage:
  - `Zend_Service_WindowsAzure_Storage_Blob`
  - `Zend_Service_WindowsAzure_Storage_Table`
  - `Zend_Service_WindowsAzure_SessionHandler`
  - `Zend_Service_WindowsAzure_Storage_Queue`
- One manual page for all information!



# Resources on the web

Windows Azure site:

<http://www.microsoft.com/windowsazure/>

PHP SDKs:

<http://phpazure.codeplex.com>

<http://dotnetservicesphp.codeplex.com/>

<http://framework.zend.com/manual/en/>

<zend.service.windowsazure.html>

Windows Azure for Eclipse:

<http://www.windowsazure4e.org>

# Rob's Top Tips

1. Use Azure Tables over SQL if you can
2. Don't forget the SessionHandler!
3. Eclipse tooling makes it easy

# Thank you

Provide feedback on this talk: <http://joind.in/1468>